WHAT IS CLAIMED IS

1. A coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films that comprises an organometallic compound containing the metallic elements of which a Bi-based ferroelectric thin film is composed, and a compound represented by the following general formula (I):

$$H_3CO-(C_2H_4O)_p-CH_3$$
 (I)

where n is an integer of 2 - 5.

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- 2. The coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films according to claim 1, wherein said organometallic compound and the compound represented by said general formula (I) (where n is as defined in claim 1) have reacted with each other to form a reaction product.
- 3. The coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films according to claim 1, which is stabilized with at least one stabilizer selected from among carboxylic anhydrides, dicarboxylic acid monoesters, β -diketones and glycols.
- 4. A coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films that comprises an organometallic compound containing the metallic elements of which a Bi-based ferroelectric thin film is composed, and a compound represented by the following general formula (II):

$$(R^1)_{*}C-CO-CH_{*}-CO-C(R^1)_{*}$$
 (II)

where R1 is an alkyl group having 1 - 3 carbon atoms.

- 5. The coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films according to claim 4, wherein said organometallic compound and the compound represented by said general formula (II) (where R^1 is as defined in claim 4) have reacted with each other to form a reaction product.
- 6. The coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films according to claim 4, which is stabilized with at least one stabilizer selected from among carboxylic anhydrides, dicarboxylic acid monoesters, β -diketones and glycols.
- 7. A coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films that comprises an organometallic compound containing the metallic elements of which a Bi-based ferroelectric thin film is composed, and a compound represented by the following general formula (III):

$$(R^1)_2C(OH)-C(OH)(R^1)_2$$
 (III)

where R^1 is an alkyl group having 1 - 3 carbon atoms.

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- 8. The coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films according to claim 7, wherein said organometallic compound and the compound represented by said general formula (III) (where R^1 is as defined in claim 7) have reacted with each other to form a reaction product.
- 9. The coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films according to claim 7, which is stabilized with at least one stabilizer selected from among carboxylic

anhydrides, dicarboxylic acid monoesters, \(\beta \)-diketones and glycols.

10. A coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films that comprises an organometallic compound containing the metallic elements of which a Bi-based ferroelectric thin film is composed, and a compound represented by the following general formula (IV):

$$(R^1)_{*}C$$
-COOH (IV)

where R1 is an alkyl group having 1 - 3 carbon atoms.

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- 11. The coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films according to claim 10, wherein said organometallic compound and the compound represented by said general formula (IV) (where R¹ is as defined in claim 10) have reacted with each other to form a reaction product.
- 12. The coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films according to claim 10, which is stabilized with at least one stabilizer selected from among carboxylic anhydrides, dicarboxylic acid monoesters, β -diketones and glycols.
- 13. A coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films that comprises an organometallic compound containing the metallic elements of which a Bi-based ferroelectric thin film is composed, and a compound represented by the following general formula (V):

$$(R^1)_{\alpha}C(OH)_{\alpha}-CH(OH)_{\alpha}R^1$$
 (V)

where R1 is an alkyl group having 1 - 3 carbon atoms.

- 14. The coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films according to claim 13, wherein said organometallic compound and the compound represented by said general formula (V) (where R¹ is as defined in claim 13) have reacted with each other to form a reaction product.
- 15. The coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films according to claim 13, which is stabilized with at least one stabilizer selected from among carboxylic anhydrides, dicarboxylic acid monoesters, β-diketones and glycols.

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- 16. The coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films according to any one of claims 1, 4, 7, 10 and 13, wherein said organometallic compound comprises a Bi alkoxide, a metal A alkoxide, where A is at least one metallic element selected from among Bi, Pb, Ba, Sr, Ca, Na, K and a rare earth metallic element, and a metal B alkoxide, where B is at least one metallic element selected from among Ti, Nb, Ta, W, Mo, Fe, Co and Cr.
- 17. The coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films according to any one of claims 1, 4, 7, 10 and 13, wherein said organometallic compound comprises a Bi alkoxide, a metal A alkoxide, where A is at least one metallic element selected from among Bi, Pb, Ba, Sr, Ca, Na, K and a rare earth metallic element, and a metal B alkoxide, where B is at least one metallic element selected from among Ti, Nb, Ta, W, Mo, Fe, Co and Cr, as well as at least two dissimilar metal alkoxides selected from among the metal A alkoxide. metal B alkoxide and Bi alkoxide form a

composite metal alkoxide.

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18. The coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films according to any one of claims 1, 4, 7, 10 and 13, which is intended to form thin films containing Bi-layered structure compounds represented by the following general formula (VI):

$$(Bi_2O_2)^{2+}(A_{m-1}B_mO_{3m+1})^{2-}$$
 (VI)

where A is at least one metallic element selected from among Bi, Pb, Ba, Sr, Ca, Na, K and a rare earth metallic element; B is at least one metallic element selected from among Ti, Nb, Ta, W, Mo, Fe, Co and Cr; and m is an integer of 1 - 5.

19. The coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films according to any one of claims 1, 4, 7, 10 and 13, which is intended to form thin films containing Bi-layered structure compounds represented by the following general formula (VII):

$$Sr_{1-}Bi_{2+}(Ta_{2-}, Nb_{2})O_{0+0}$$
 (VII)

where $0 \le x$, y and α , independently <1; and $0 \le z < 2$.

20. The coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films according to any one of claims 1, 4, 7, 10 and 13, which is intended to form thin films containing Bi-layered structure compounds represented by the following general formula (VIII):

$$La_{1-x}Bi_{4-y}Ti_3O_{12+q} (VIII)$$

where $0 \le x$, y and α , independently <1.

21. The coating solution for use in forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films according to any one of claims 1, 4, 7, 10 and 13, which is converted to a sol-gel fluid by hydrolysis and partial polycondensation using water either alone or in combination with a catalyst.

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22. A method of forming Bi-based ferroelectric thin films which comprises applying one of the coating solutions of claim 1 onto a substrate, drying the applied coating solution, and then performing a rapid heat treatment at a temperature rise rate of at least 10 °C/s to form a Bi-based ferroelectric thin film.